## 71: Cruda Amarilli (Cruel Amaryllis)

## Claudio Monteverdi

1605

- 5-voice madrigal: polyphonic setting of a 16C Italian poem
- breaks the rules of dissonance for dramatic/emotional effect
- using musical gestures to reinforce or suggest images in a text (word painting, text depiction)
d rolled $r$, 5 voice parts with minimal accompaniment, starting in a low voice


## 72: Vedrò ‘I mio sol (I'll see my Sun)

## Caccini

ca. 1590

- example of monody
- genre: solo madrigal
- follows natural speech
- instrument accompaniment: bass continuo
- texture: solo voices + simple chordal accompaniment
d starting with string, then soprano comes h-h ha---


## 73: Le musiche sopra L'Euridice

## Jacopo Peri

1600

- oldest surviving opera in full score
- recitative: between speech \& song
- syllabic setting: one note per syllable (in Dafne, messenger of Eruidice's death)
- Orfeo's reaction part: suspensions, prepared dissonance, unexpected harmonic progressions
d (Tirsi) happy opening, pure instrumental (D. CEDC D. C...)
d (Dafne, Arcetro) soprano, first phrase mostly monotone (Bb)


## 74: L'Orfeo

Claudio Monteverdi
1607

- modelled on Peri but musically \& dramatically more effective
- strophic: song that uses the same music for different verse of text Do you remember, o shady woods... very happy opening, people in a circle
- regular dance rhythm Do you remember, o shady woods... see above
- Highly chromatic, dissonant, jarring Ah, Bitter Event soprano long note (dissonant), then Orfeo response a little
- Recitative style but lyric You are dead Orfeo in a very sad style, can barely speak
- share grief - repeats opening lines of messenger Greek chorus: 5-part madrigal, "Ahi, caso acerbo" chorus begins with dissonance, then soprano comes


## 77: Lagrime mie (My tears)

Barbara Strozzi
1650s

- secular composition on lyrical/dramatic text
- poetry: free form
- softened recitative style
- one voice with bass continuo
- opening lament: long melisma on "Lagrime", E minor mode, dissonances (D\# F\# over E)
d sound of strings, then very long segment (as in last bullet) with some trills


## 80: Historia di Jephte

Giacomo Carissimi
1648


Basso continuo: theorbo
lament: long recitative + arioso passages
expressive dissonances
Soprano lyrics: Plorate colles, dolete
montes


- Chorus
downward movement all voices
6 voices chorus
chorus: begin with bass? lyrics: Plorate filii Israel

81: Saul, was verfolgst du mich? (Saul, why do you persecute me?)

Heinrich Schütz
ca. 1650

- sacred concerto
- polychoral: 6 solo voices (SSATBB)
- $2 \times 4$-voice choirs
- basso continuo + chorus voices + violins + trumpets
- harsh Cadential notes
- long melisama on "kick"

Saul, in major key, bright. Begin with bass, then alto then repeat the lyrics with upper voices

## 84: Sonata IV per il violino per sonar con due corde

Biagio Marini
ca 1626

- sonata for violin \& basso continuo
- contrasting sections: figuration, mood, meter, tempo
- idiomatic possibilities of violin: double stops (playing on two strings at the same time)
- paralleled rise of vocal monody
violin: A - some trills. Some fast segments


## 96: Trio Sonata, Op.3, no. 2

Arcangelo Corelli
1689

- sections of sonata expanded to movements
- some stylized danced movements
- sonata da chiesa (church sonata)
- in Grave movement: walking bass, chains of suspensions
d Grave: slow. D Major. Higher string: C-and bass continuo: C B A G
d Allegro: Fugal/imitation: including basso continuo part. C-D - E-GFED
d Adagio: B minor. Begin with bass continuo, slowly comes the higher string.
d Allegro: gigue, D major. 131 23432...


## 98: Concerto for Violin in A Minor, Op.3, no. 6

Antonio Vivaldi
ca. 1710

- Solo concerto
- three movements: fast-slow-fast.
- fast movements: Ritornello Form (refrains) (recurring material played at the beginning by full orchestra). Alternates with episodes: passages featuring soloist between ritornellos.
- In Largo cantabile: strong contrast: dreamlike, sustained chords
d Allegro: extremely familiar... EA A A CBA ...
d Largo: D E F E D F E D E A.... one single string, others just accompany
d Presto: A minor. E A B C B A ... (repeat ...)

